State Library

The Graham Guardian

TWENTY-SIXTH YEAR | SAFFORD, GRAHAM COUNTY, ARIZONA, OCTOBER 29, 1920 | NUMBER 38

PETERSON IS AGAIN ATTACKED

By Phoenix Minister in Circular Letter Headed "Mormonism Exposed"

LAYTON AND NASH ANSWER

And Defend the Mormon Church and the Mormon People of the State

H. Q. Morton, of Phoenix, Secretary of the Arizona Baptist Convention, has printed and circulated a circular, under the title, "Mormonism Exposed."

The circular is really gotten out for the purpose of fighting the candidacy of A. C. Peterson, democratic candidate for State Superintendent of Public Instruction. It exposes nothing but the supreme ignorance of Rev. Morton and really maligns a good people, who have done much for the upbuilding of the State.

The dragging into the campaign of religion will be deplored by every good citizen.

The circular is printed in full, and is answered in detail by Charles M. Layton and John F. Nash:

The papers have again done the public a good turn. The circular letter sent out over the names of certain gentlemen of Phoenix informing voters that A. C. Peterson, who aspires to be the State Superintendent of Schools, is a Mormon, received much wider circulation than they had any idea. To get this information before the public was what was wanted. Thank you and through you, the other editors of the State.

The cry has gone out that the sending of this letter is religious persecution, that it has been a breach of the Constitution of the United States and all prosecuting attorneys of the State are called to take notice. Many other things, both untrue and malicious, have been said about Mormons and others who plead ignorance of Mormonism. We pass over these charges now to show the reason for the warning.

Let us note first that Mormonism is in politics. The President of each Stake of Mormonism in the State is a boss politician. Mormonism votes a solid vote to gain its end. In Graham county every man elected to office since 1912 has been a Mormon, except one man for the whole county and supervisors from non-Mormon districts. This, too, in the face of the fact, that both democrats and republicans are elected. It is difficult to get a non-Mormon to run for office in that county as there is little or no chance for election.

The Mormon church claims that the "Priesthood 'holds' the power and right to give laws and commandments to individuals, churches, rulers, nations and the whole world; to appoint, ordain and establish kings, presidents, governors, or judges." Key to Theology, page 70. The priesthood, therefore, directs the votes of the Mormons and the acts of those elected by them. Any Mormon who violates the order of his over-lord is brought to grief. Instances might be cited.

It is reported and generally believed that certain appointed officers in the State are in power as a result of the exchange of votes for office. The Arizona State Industrial Schools for boys and girls at Ft. Grant is generally known as a Mormon institution. Any church which exchanges votes for office is a dangerous institution in America. Because the political trickery of Mormonism is pointed out, the leaders ran to cover under the cry of religious persecution. "Beware of the wolf in sheep's clothing."

The charge is made that the "Holy Committee" is trying to unite Church and State by raising the question of fitness of a Mormon for public office. The Baptists, of which I am one, have the honor of causing the Religious Liberty and Freedom of Conscience Act to be written in the National Constitution. At this date we are not ready to change that fundamental law of the land. But the Mormon faith and practice is in direct opposition to the spirit and letter of that law.

Another fact to prove that the Mormon system is unAmerican; it is a polygamous institution. It is true that the Mormons agreed to give up the practice of polygamy on condition that Utah might be given statehood, but many instances of the practice is pointed out today. Many are said to exist in our own State. A Mormon, whose church teaches and practices such, has no right to the support of home-loving men and virtuous women. In Thatcher, Saturday, August 28th, President Kimball said at a funeral service of the wife of a non-Mormon, though she herself was a Mormon; that she would be a slave in Heaven because she had no children. She had been the mother of two children, both of whom had died. And this in enlightened America!

In the second place, I want to point out the fact that if Mormons were in power they would use our schools to teach their faith to all students. Their history proves it.

In Utah, State Superintendent of Schools Nelson testified that classes for Mormon religious instruction were held in over three hundred schools in that state. It is said that when school should close at 4:00 o'clock, it was technically dismissed an hour or two earlier and with no opportunity given for those to leave who did not want to stay, the teachers went to work at once on the religious class, along lines outlined by the church.

In Mesa, a few years ago, the schools were used during school hours for Mormon religious instruction, they were forced by an enraged public to suspend the practice. The Academy at Thatcher, has been made a High School of the State. Can that be the reason why the attempt of the citizens of Safford to vote bonds for a needed high school for that town is constantly voted down? It is reported in Graham county and generally believed that there is an effort to be made to have this same Academy accepted by the State as a Normal School. Could the appeal of President Kimball to the students of that school at the close of last year, that more Mormon young people should take up teaching, have any relation to the desire of a Mormon to be head of the school system of the State?

If it should be made a Normal School, then any teacher from that school could teach without examination. It is reported that Mr. Peterson is in favor of the County Unit plan in securing teachers. Through the spread of Mormonism they might soon have control of all the schools of the State Are we to permit this?

The things pointed out above are enough to show that no Mormon ought to be honored by the people with any public trust because his system is politically under the guise of religion.

This is no attack on Mr. Peterson as a man. He may be as good as any Mormon, but if he is an orthodox Mormon, he is under the dominance of the higher priesthood and of his church.

Every man or woman who loves home and homeland should see to it that no man is supported in their communities for public office whose religious ideals, if prevalent, would produce wrong ideals of religion, home and government.

Citizens' Leagues ought to be organized in every community where the whole matter of our social and political present and future could be discussed and thus intelligent action secured.

May the day soon come when the appeal of boycott, social or political, or the appeal of violence will not be a factor in our social, political or religious life.

H. Q. MORTON,
Secretary Arizona Baptist Convention.

EDITOR GUARDIAN:

In answering the above assault on the Mormon people, we wish to state that we are Mormons, that we are members of the Stake Presidency of the St. Joseph Stake; that we belong to opposite political parties and that no man can say that either one of us ever advised him how to vote. We have been residents of Graham county for the past twenty years and are acquainted with conditions here.

In the first place, the Mormon vote is about two-thirds of the total vote of the county, yet the Superior Judge has never been a Mormon and but two years since 1912 has the district attorney been a Mormon. One of the supervisors is a non-Mormon, elected by Mormon vote against a Mormon candidate. There has never been any friction between Mormons and non-Mormons over politics and in this election the

(Continued on Page 4)

LOOKS GOOD FOR COX

Democratic Candidate for President Gaining in the East

According to reports coming from the East, there is good reason to believe that Governor Cox is gaining ground and the chances for his election as president are improving right along.

The League of Nations is the paramount issue of the campaign and the republicans have been brought to realize that their propaganda against the League is losing out.

The independents and independent republicans are now drifting toward Cox and Roosevelt, owing chiefly to the now definite opposition of Senator Harding to the League of Nations.

The closing of the campaign is bringing into line the doubtful ones for Cox and Roosevelt and Senator Harding is resting quietly on the front porch.

In the State, the democratic candidates, from Mit Simms down, have made a splendid campaign and the entire ticket will be elected by good majorities.

Cameron, the "Promiser," is destined for a trip up Salt River, accompanied by Tom Campbell and the rest of the republican candidates.

Mark Smith will undoubtedly carry the State as easily as he will Graham county.

The democratic county candidates have every reason to believe that they will carry the county by good majorities.

While the local political fever has not reached the high state of previous campaigns, our county democratic candidates have done good work for themselves, as well as the democratic National and State tickets.

Graham county is a democratic county, and there is every reason to believe that democracy will triumph again, nothwithstanding the efforts of imported republican workers, men and women.

Our democratic candidate for State Senator, Jos. H. Lines, is sure of election, is one safe bet, having no opposition.

For Representatives, U. I. Paxton and D. A. Matthews, are both good men, stalwart democrats and will make good legislators.

J. D. Skaggs' record as sheriff will bring him out in the lead by a good majority on election day, and he will be re-elected sheriff of Graham county.

W. A. Bennett, for Supervisor, District No. 1, will surely be elected. Everybody knows Bill to be a square, upright man, capable, honest and efficient, just the kind of man the people want for supervisor, a man who will take care of the people's interests and give them an economical administration of the business of the county.

J. A. McBride, for Supervisor, District No. 2, is well-known all over the county and has been a resident in the valley for many years. Mr. McBride will make a good supervisor and will give a good administration of the county's affairs.

J. A. Woods, candidate for re-election as Treasurer, has made a splendid record during the past two years and is deserving of a second term. Mr. Woods is a very competent man, highly educated, capable and honest, and has shown that he will take care of the interests of the people. Always on the job, a pleasant smile and a kindly greeting, Jim has made many friends and is sure to land again as treasurer.

Lawrence E. Holladay, candidate for county recorder, is a Graham county boy, born and raised in Pima. He has every qualification necessary for the position of recorder, to which he will be elected next Tuesday.

E. L. Spriggs, "Get There Eli," has a sure thing, with no opposition, and will be the next county attorney.

Ray Hanchett is one of our best known young democrats. A resident of Graham county for 23 years. Successful business man and rancher, and well qualified in every way for the position of county assessor.

With the people of the entire country swinging to the support of Cox and Roosevelt; the people of Arizona standing firm for Mit Simms for governor, and the democracy of Graham county united for National, State and County tickets, there will be a democratic landslide next Tuesday that will carry everything before it.

THE EAST IS FAST TURNING TO COX

DAYTON, OHIO,
October 26, 1920.

JOHN F. WEBER,
Safford, Arizona.

Reports from National headquarters today add New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, to New Hampshire as Eastern States we shall carry. This means great ground swell has struck East and wonderful victory is in sight. I ask, and will appreciate your unceasing efforts from now until election day and unfailing vigilance at the polls.

JAMES M. COX.

MARK SMITH SCORES CAMERON

Professional Promiser Shown Up in His True Colors by Senator

STATE CANDIDATES SPEAK

At Rousing Big Meetings in Safford and Thatcher Friday Night

Two rousing big democratic meetings were held Friday evening, one at Layton Hall, here, and the other at Amusement Hall, Thatcher. Both meetings were largely attended and gave a royal reception to Senator Mark Smith, candidate for United States Senator, and Judge A. G. McAlister, candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court; P. J. Munch, candidate for State Auditor; A. C. Peterson, candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction; Loren Vaughn, candidate for Corporation Commissioner, and Frank Luke, candidate for State Tax Commissioner.

Senator Smith and the State candidates spoke at both meetings.

John F. Weber presided at the meeting here at Layton Hall and introduced the speakers.

Senator Smith was the first speaker and opened his speech with a stirring answer to the attacks make on him by his republican opponent, Ralph Cameron, in stating that he had favored joint statehood with New Mexico, a deliberate falsehood.

Continuing, Senator Smith told of Mr. Cameron's hobby of promising to each and every community that he will get for them just the things they want, if elected senator. "Why," exclaimed Mr. Smith, "he (Cameron) said up here at Wickenberg only the other day, when he got off of the train, 'Is that the only post office you have here? Why, that's a disgrace, Elect me to the Senate and I will get you a fifty thousand dollar post office.'"

"I appeal to you," he continued. "How many of you have seen strangers in this valley working for Mr. Cameron and slandering me? If you haven't seen them, you are the only community in this State that hasn't. I don't believe the electorate of Arizona can be deluded by any such policies as that."

"They have been here, all right," spoke up W. W. Pace, from the platform.

"And that is the way," said Mr. Smith, "you, my patriotic friends of Graham county, are to be deluded into the support of another senator from Pennsylvania. And, God knows, when you consider the senators from Pennsylvania, two of them is enough for any state on the face of the earth."

"Now, what did he do?" asked Mr. Smith. "This man that gets everything—by promises? He presented four petitions, he made one motion, he made one report, introduced one amendment. He passed a few pension bills, which passed themselves on the showing made of the old soldier—I have passed a many and a many a one amounting to hundreds of dollars—no trouble about that—and there is his great record!

Mr. Smith then discussed his own work on irrigation and reclamatinn projects for Arizona, stating that he had as much to do with the passage of the irrigation law as any man in either House; that he brought to this territory over twenty millions of dollars that were put in irrigation enterprises.

"Now, my friends," he continued, "I feel that I am entitled to the support of my people in Arizona. I know, without any bragging, that I stand high in the estimation of my colleagues in that body—any member of it, republican or democratic—I will take his word for it—write to anyone you please and I will take what he happens to say of me, in the Senate of the United States, and I don't think we can afford to lose the vantage ground I hold in the Senate to take a chance on any new man with nothing but promises, and whose promises won't hold water when a flood comes along."

Passing on to the main issue, Mr. Smith proceeded to outline and define the League of Nations covenant, the manner in which it was produced, and the objects sought to be attained by its operation. The Monre Doctrine was not only in the League covenant, as originally submitted in its tentative form, as plainly as it could be written, but at the instigatiou of the republican members of the Foreign Relations Committee, was incorporated in very name in the covenant, and it is provided that the League under no circumstances should ever attempt to disturb the Monroe Doctrine, which has protected more than twenty republics on this side of the water against foreign aggression, and this League of Nations is nothing more or less, in good faith, than an effort to extend that same principle around the borders of every other nation on the earth.

Rebutting the argument of England's six votes to America's one, the Senator observed that those who put forth this argument either have no idea what they are talking about or are designedly misleading the people.

"In the Council," said Senator Smith, "nothing can be done toward aggression except by the unanimous vote of all nations. Isn't America protected, if they try to do her injury, by simply saying 'No?' And the Assembly is nothing but a mere advisory body having no power under this League of Nations to bind any one at all!" All the small countries and self-governing possessions having votes in the Assembly. "Can only advise the great Council, and the great Council can only take permanent action by the unanimous vote of the Council."

"All these criticisms of the League," observed the Senator, "are based upon the absurd premise that the Constitution of the United States can be changed—our government changed—by some treaty we happen to make with foreign nations, when the Constitution itself proclaims that the only means of its amendment is by the act of Congress. No other power on the face of the earth can change it. Now, where is your foreign government ordering the United States to do something?"

Senator Smith then called attention to the fact that Mr. Root, in a recent speech in New York, talked about the "perpetuity" of the League, and that it would be impossible for us to tell what might happen a hundred years from now, etc., when, as a matter of fact, the League covenant bears upon its face the provision that any nation dissatisfied can withdraw, within two years after giving notice of its intention to withdraw, and without assigning any reason whatever for its action.

The Senator pronounced this simply another attempt to deceive the people.

Mr. Smith severely criticised Senator Harding for proposing to make separate peace with Germany. "My countrymen," said he, "think of the degradation and shame of the very thought of this. We stood shoulder to shoulder with our colleagues and now we offer to abandon France and Italy in their helplessness, when we ourselves extracted from the German officers the terms of the armistice and bound ourselves to see that the terms of the armistice are carried out."

Frank Luke, Democratic candidate for State Tax Commissioner, and T. J. Munch, candidate for State Auditor, followed Senator Smith and made a few brief remark as to their qualifications for the offices to which they aspire.

Hon. A. G. McAlister, introdnced by Chairman Weber as the incoming member of our Supreme Court, arose and addressed his fellow townsmen, and assured them that it gave him a great deal of pleasure to be among his home people. He then thanked the people of Graham county for the fine vote given him in the primary, saying, "It matters not if I should lose every county in the State in the general election, I should still think it was worth while, because when you have the testimonial of those at home, those who know you best, as feeling that you are qualified, and as expressing the fact that they believe you are qualified for the position, you can at least feel that it has been worth while."

Judge McAllister then proceeded to outline the duties of a Supreme Court Judge, and explained how a man with long years of experience as a trial court judge was eminently better fitted to discharge the duties of an appellate court justice than one not having had such experience. His opponent, Mr. Thomas J. Flannigan, he observed, has never been a judge of a court, but is, nevertheless, a splendid lawyer and would no doubt be a good man for the position if elected. "In fact," said the Judge, "He is so well thought of by his neighbors and friends in Bisbee that I am going to do my best to oblige his friends in Bisbee by helping him to remain in Bisbee after November 2d.

Hon. A. C. Peterson, candidate for Superintendent of Public Instruction, following Judge McAllister, reiterated the latter's expression of pleasure and satisfaction at being again among his home people, thanked them for their hearty support of his candidacy in the primary election, and observed that the counties of Apache and Navajo, "the counties over which I wandered as a barefoot boy," as Mr. Peterson put it, "were just as loyal to me as this county was."

Mr. Peterson proceeded to denounce those who are fighting him because of the fact that he belongs to the Mormon Church. "I am not going to dwell upon that," he said, "but I do dwell upon it in other communities. I have no apologies to make for the Mormon people, in any State or clime, for what they have done in the State of Arizona or for what they have done in other countries in which they have lived. If they can tear my record to pieces, let them do it, but when it comes to preying upon the religious freedom of any man it is absolutely unAmerican."

Passing on to the subject of the public school, Mr. Peterson said, among other things: "I believe in the absolute democratic right of every child in the State of Arizona to enjoy the same educational privileges as far as that is possible. In other words, I believe that each child in the State of Arizona should have approximately the same amount of money expended upon him."

Loren F. Vaughn, candidate for Corporation Commissioner, the next speaker, briefly outlined the nature of the position which he seeks, as well as his qualifications for the position. "My experience in the Legislature and my legal training and experience ought to be worth something on that Commission," observed Mr. Vaughn. "The duties of the Commission being both legislative and judicial, many things have to be investigated and many things done where the Commission takes the initiative."

"Being born among the common people," he went on, "and my whole life and work having been spent among the common people, I feel that I belong to the common people. I feel that in this office I will represent the people, that great 80 per cent of the people that Lincoln said the Lord must have had a special liking for because he made so many of them."

CAMERON ANSWERED

Senator Smith Declares that He Never Favored Joint Statehood Bill

SAFFORD, ARIZONA,
October 23d, 1920.

EDITOR GUARDIAN:

It is not my custom in campaigns to deny statements made by my opponents, for usually I have had only the truth to meet from the gentlemen who have made races against me. However silence is impossible in the presence of charges made by Mr. Ralph Cameron against me, in parts of the State where I have made my final campaign.

I saw this morning in the Tucson Citizen, the report of a speech made by Mr. Cameron in Flagstaff, wherein he is reported as saying, among other things, that I favored Joint Statehood with New Mexico: That I had agreed with Bull Andrews to have such a bill pass; That I sent a wire to Eugene O. Ives, then in the Arizona Council, to have a resolution pass that body favoring Joint Statehood.

I denounce as willfully and intentionally false each and every one of these statements. An examination of the Congressional Record during that term of Congress shows the utter falsity of the malicious charge, for my speech of protest against such a statehood bill appears therein. My speech against Tawney for deserting the cause of separate Statehood, made subsequently on the floor of the House the day the vote was taken and which was published in full the next day in all the great metropolitan newspapers, gives the lie to such a charge.

The charge that I ever sent such a telegram, as stated, to Mr. Ives is absolutely false. I now offer to go in with Mr. Stetson, of Pennsylvania, and other private eastern sponsors and supporters of his campaign, and will give one thousand dollars to their fund to be spent by him on proof that I ever sent any telegram to E. O. Ives, as stated by Cameron, or any proof from any reputable man living that I ever by letter or word of mouth or otherwise advocated, advised or gave consent to the Joint Statehood bill.

The statement made about Bull Andrews and I having any agreement about the senatorships or the Joint State bill, is as absurd as it is false.

I would pay no more attention to this than sensible people do to his crazy promises of what he will do if elected, except that my integrity is assailed willfully and falsely for the purpose of personal benefit to the accuser.

Yours very truly,
MARK A. SMITH.

Lawrence E. Holladay for County Recorder

Lawrence E. Holladay, democratic candidate for County Recorder, was born and raised in Pima. He is a graduate of the Pima Public Schools and attended the Gila Academy for four years.

In 1914 he went on a mission to the Eastern States, returning home in 1916, and entered the employ of the Pima Market as manager.

When war was declared with Germany, he was examined by the Draft Board, but not called. He then enlisted in the Naval Aviation Service as a Quartermaster and remained in service until the armistice was signed. At the present time he is in the Naval Reserve.

Mr. Holladay is one of the young democrats of Graham county, has a splendid education and is well recommended as a capable business man.

His election as county recorder assures the people of the county that they will have an efficient county official transacting their business.

RATES FOR STATE FAIR

The Arizona Eastern Railroad has announced the following rates for the State Fair at Phoenix: Round trip, November 6th to 13th, inclusive; final limit, November 15th, from Safford to Phoenix, $18.58.

Next Friday, November 5th, and next Saturday, November 6th, for the Rummage Sale.

COUNTY DIVISION WILL BE DEFEATED

People of State Opposed to Measure that Destroys Right to Vote

INITIATED BILL IS UNPOPULAR

Would Deprive People in the Smaller Counties of Right to Divide County

GLOBE, Oct. 29.—That the heaviest vote ever polled against an initiated bill in this State will be cast against the county division measure next Tuesday, is the confident opinion of officers of the State Anti-County Division Association, whose members have been actively opposing the measure.

A score of members of the association, who have been making a tour of the State during the last few weeks, report that in no place, other than Miami, where the measure was originated, did they find any strong support for the bill. To the contrary, they said, every locality in the State appeared bitterly opposed to the measure because it would, if adopted, take from every county as a whole the right to vote on county division, as provided by the present statutes.

As only counties of $40,000,000 or more valuation could be divided, the measure would absolutely take away from seven counties in the State, whose valuations are less than that, the right to vote on county division no matter how great might be their need for county division.

And to the seven counties who have sufficient valuation, the measure, if adopted, would permit any section with a valuation of $20,000,000 or more, no matter how small in area, to vote itself into a new county, regardless of how such action might affect the taxes and institutions of the old county and without giving the county as a whole any voice in the matter.

Good Roads Meeting Takes Up Bond Sale

A good roads meeting was held Saturday night, at The Palms. Col. Dell M. Potter, of Clifton, who had just returned from San Diego, Cal., and Globe, where he attended the good roads meeting at which the Apache Trail was the important proposition discussed by delegates from California, Phoenix, Globe, Safford and Clifton.

The meeting here Saturday night was for the purpose of pushing the road bonds sale at an early date.

Supervisor Frank A. Webster, Hon. W. W. Pace, Graham County Highway Commissioner, and John F. Weber, discussed the question in detail.

The matter of selling the road bonds will be taken up by the Board of Supervisors at its regular meeting next Monday, and a representative from the county will be chosen to go to Phoenix and confer with State Engineer Maddock.

The sale of the bonds will secure to the county its apportionment of the Federal Good Roads Fund, which otherwise would lapse unless Graham county gets busy on the proposition of building the highway through the valley, from the Greenlee county line to the Gila county line.

Colonel Potter read a telegram from Dwight B. Heard, of Phoenix, in which he stated that a letter had been received from E. S. Wheeler, district engineer for U. S. Bureau of Public Roads, and who has charge of work in Arizona and New Mexico, strongly endorsing the highway commission bill, which will be voted on by the referendum next Tuesday.

Prices Greatly Reduced

All merchandise at greatly reduced prices. Solomon Commercial Co., Safford. 38-1t

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Overland Touring Car, in good shape. Will consider span of horses, weight about 1100 pounds each; lumber wagon, harness; also good milk cow; balance cotton or alfafa baled. Or what have you? B. A. Kenyon, Geronimo Ariz.

The Graham Guardian

JOHN F. WEBER, - - EDITOR

OFFICIAL PAPER OF GRAHAM COUNTY

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
THE GUARDIAN PUBLISHING COMPANY

Entered in the Postoffice, Safford, Arizona, as Second Class Mail Matter.

TERMS:
ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE.....$1.50

Address all communications to
THE GUARDIAN PUBLISHING COMPANY
SAFFORD, ARIZONA

OCTOBER 29, 1920

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For President
JAMES M. COX
Of Ohio

For Vice President
FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT
Of New York

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET

May Belle Craig...Presidential Elector
H. T. Southworth..Presidential Elector
B. F. Billingsley..Presidential Elector
Marcus A. Smith.....U. S. Senator
Carl Hayden.....Rep. in Congress
A. G. McAlister..Judge Supreme Court
Mitt Simms..... Governor
Harry S. Ross.....Secretary of State
P. J. Munch.....State Auditor
Raymond R. Earhart..State Treasurer
Wiley E. Jones.....Attorney General
A. C. Peterson..Supt. Public Instruction
Loren Vaughn.....
.....Corporation Commissioner
Thomas C. Foster..State Mine Inspector
Frank Luke..State Tax Commissioner
E. A. Hughes..State Tax Commissionar

COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET

Joseph H. Lines.....State Senator
U. I. Paxton.....
.....Representative, Dist. No. 1
D. A. Matthews.....
.....Representative, Dist. No. 2
J. D. Skaggs.....Sheriff
W. A. Bennett..Supervisor, Dist. No. 1
J. A. McBride..Supervisor, Dist No. 2
J. A. Woods.....Treasurer
Lawrence E. Holloday.....Recorder
E. L. Spriggs.....County Attorney
Ray Hanchett.....Assessor

DON'T
Be Robbed of Your Vote!

When you step into the election booth on Tuesday you will have the right to vote for or against an initiated measure commonly known as the Van Dyke County Division Bill

THIS MEASURE, IF ADOPTED, WOULD

TAKE AWAY from any county as a whole THE RIGHT TO VOTE on its very existence!

IT, WOULD, IF ADOPTED,

Give the right to vote on county division in Arizona ONLY to voters within the particular section of any county seeking to desert its original county!

This county may never be bothered with a county division fight, but if it should be, wouldn't you feel that YOU and your neighbor and everybody else in the county had a right to vote on it?

If the present constitution remains unchanged YOU WILL ALWAYS HAVE THAT RIGHT!

But if the Van Dyke County Divsion Measure should be passed You would be robbed of the right to vote on the very life of your County!

That is the sole purpose of the county division measure: TO TAKE AWAY THE RIGHT of all the people to vote on county division and make this constitutional right A PRIVILEGE to be used against the whole county by the voters of any selfish section that might seek to wreck the county!

The Constituiton of Arizona now stands FOR PROTECTION of the right of ALL to vote! If you want it to remain that way

Vote "NO" on Line 309

AND KILL THIS ATTEMPT TO TAKE AWAY THE RIGHT OF ALL THE PEOPLE TO VOTE ON A QUESTION THAT CONCERNS ALL THE PEOPLE

We are running a bank for the public---one that considers only you and your needs.

We are not so much concerned over what we think is reasonable and proper as we are over the handling of your affairs to your entire satisfaction.

If sound banking practice will permit your every wish will be granted here.

THE BANK THAT BACKS THE FARMER
THE BANK OF SAFFORD
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK
THE HOME BANK — FOR HOME PEOPLE
A. H. Ferrin, Cashier — SAFFORD, ARIZONA

ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS
WITH
ATTACHMENTS

FOR RENT BY THE DAY

Gila Valley Electric, Gas and Water Co.

TRUTH ABOUT STATEHOOD

Whatever may be claimed by candidates on either side for election to the senate of the United States, regarding the comparative records of Mark Smith and Ralph Cameron, in congress at the time the law giving Arizona Statehood was enacted, the irrefutable truth of the situation may be obtained from the Congressional Record of that period.

The following facts, copied from the Congressional Record and given as authentic and impartial, are submitted to the public, of Arizona:

"Hon. Mark Smith, during his term of service as a delegate from the Territory of Arizona, introduced at different times eight bills providing for the Statehood of Arizona. It was owing to the persistent and well-directed efforts of Senator Smith, as a delegate from the Territory of Arizona, in several congresses, Statehood was finally accomplished.

"The bill which was finally passed giving Arizona Statehood, was introduced by Mr. Hamilton, but was based on a similar bill introduced previously by Delegate Smith. Mr. Cameron introduced one Statehood bill, that of February 16, 1909, based on prior bills, but this was never acted upon by the house committee. Mr. Hamilton was chairman of the Committee on Territories of the House, and Senator William Alden Smith, chairman of the Committee on Territories of the Senate."

Further facts of interest in connection with Arizona Statehood may be gleaned from the following excerpts from speeches published in the Congressional Record:

Tribute of Hon. A. O. Stanley, a colleague of Mr. Smith, in a speech delivered in the House, February 15, 1909, Congressional Record, Vol. 43, page 3420, in part, as follows:

"But a short time ago it seemed morally certain that Arizona and New Mexico would be indissolubly bound in a union that to the people of Arizona appeared nothing less than a loathsome and abhorred miscegenation. Then it was that Mark Smith displayed his tireless devotion to his people and his marvelous tact and resourcefulness in saving the impending entastrophe.

"Delegate without a vote, with nothing to give and nothing to exchange, battling several hundred cool, calculating politicans."

Mr. Chandler, democrat, Congressional Record, Vol. 45, pages 2421 and 2422, member of House Committee on Territories:

"This result has been brought about not only by reason of the fact that the two great parties have declared in favor of it, but because of the further fact, that the distinguished delegate from Arizona, Mr. Smith, had labored in session and out of session for its accomplishment."

Mr. Cole, republican, member of House Committee on Territories:

"A strong impression prevails that this is not the final honor for that gentleman (Mr. Smith), but merely a a stepping stone to the senate of the United States."

Mr. Sulzer, democrat:

"I indulge the gratifying hope that when these two territories become full-fledged states in the union, our distinguished colleague, Mr. Smith and some other good demoorat will be the senators from Arizona."

HEART OF ARTICLE X

THE PROMISE "The Members of the League undertake to respect, and preserve as against external aggression, the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all Members of the League."

THE PLAN—"In case of any such aggression, or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression, the Council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled."

For over seventy years we have "respected" the "territorial integrity" of Canada and Mexico. Why not the rest of the World?

WOMEN DEMAND THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Women, running true to form, are championing the League of Nations because, as usual, they are trusting to their instinct, and instinct tells them that this proposal is the only safeguard to peace.

But by far the most important provision, and of this we hear little, is the proposal to disarm the world. The financial burden which this would lift is enormous. Men fully appreciate that 93 per cent of all federal appropriations are made for war, past, present and future. But to women of America, disarmament does not mean so much a saving in money. It means that by every gun, every battleship, every piece of fighting machinery we scrap, by so much have we reduced the chances of war, and that is what American women, and women all over the world, want.

American women are at this time more concerned with the sufferings and needs of Europe, the undernourished women and children, than they are with the cry which the republicans are setting up, namely America's superiority in finance, resources and trade, which prestige must be maintained, no matter what the cost in spiritual disintegration.

Shall America go to pieces through greed and selfishness? American women answer "No! and again no!"

LEAGUE A GREAT MORAL ISSUE

The cardinal doctrines of Christian service are set forth in a half-dozen paragraphs of the Covenant.

The League will set up, or itself become, a clearing house for international justice and social service.

Among the things that the nations working together will endeavor to do, all member nations agreeing, are the following:

They will try to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labor for men, women and children, thus lifting the standards of living everywhere.

They will try to secure just treatment of the native inhabitants of territories under their control.

They will try to secure and maintain freedom of communications and of transit and equitable treatment for the commerce of members of the League.

They will labor together in the effort to control and ultimately eradicate disease.

They will set up commissions for the prevention of the illicit traffic in arms, in dangerous drugs and in women for immoral purposes.

These practices constitute the endemic centres, or breeding places, of what we may call the disease of civilization. The task of controlling the spread of these evils and in time cleaning up the plague spots is too big to be accomplished by any one nation. It can only be done by international cooperation, and the League supplies the necessary agency.—Governor Cox.

PEACE, PROGRESS AND PROSPERITY

"Next year, if we go into the League of Nations, we can save $465,000,000 in our Navy alone. Do you know what you can do with $465,000,000? You can reclaim 23,000,000 acres of arid land in the West. I am in favor of stopping the building of battleships and of reclaiming arid land, and of giving every soldier boy a farm and a home of his own, if he wants to try it out there in that great promising country. If he doesn't want that, then I am in favor of the Fourfold plan, which was recommended by the American Legion at Cleveland within the last week or ten days."—Governor Cox.

Red Cross Roll Call, Nov. 14th to 21st

Miss Olive A. Rauch, of San Francisco, Cal., field representative, Pacific Division, American Red Cross, was here recently, visiting with Chairman T. T. Swift, of Mt. Graham Chapter; the churches, the Woman's Club, the American Legion and the Layton Relief Society, in the interest of the fourth annual Red Cross Roll Call, which will be held from November 14th to November 21st, for the renewal of memberships and the securing of new members.

The pastors of all churches in Graham county are asked to observe Sunday, November 14th, as "Red Cross Sunday."

Vote "NO" on 309.

Yards at Safford and Pima

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LUMBER AND BUILDING MATERIAL — SAFFORD, ARIZONA

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Have you ever planned something that would benefit you, but you put it off and put it off—then finally did it?

And when you realized how beneficial it was, you were so pleased that you wished you hadn't delayed a minute?

Well, when you open that checking account here and begin to reap the benefits of safety and conveniences that follow—

That's How You'll Feel!

Arizona Trust and Savings Bank
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REMEMBER THE DAY AND DATE

SAFFORD

TWO PERFORMANCES

SATURDAY, NOV. 6

MARK IT ON YOUR CALENDAR

Only Real Wild Animal Show on Earth

AL. G. BARNES
BIG 4-RING WILD ANIMAL
CIRCUS

The Show That's Different

1200 PERFORMING ANIMALS **103** BIG SENSATIONAL ANIMAL ACTS

Performing jungle bred African Lions, Bengal and Siberian Tigers, Leopards, Jaguars, Pumas, Russian Grizzly and Polar Bears, Elephants, Camels, Zebras, Zubus, Llamas, Kangaroos, Hippotami, Rhinoceri, Giraffes, Hyenas, Ourang Outangs, Chimpanzees, Dogs, Ponies, Monkeys and Goats.
Every Animal an Actor. Every Act an Animal Act.

SPECIAL ADDED FEATURE FOR 1920
THE FAIRYLAND FANTASY
"ALICE IN JUNGLELAND"

Produced under the personal direction of Mr. Barnes. Hundreds of People and Horses and countless Animals take part in this most novel, stupendous and glitteringly gorgeous example of allegorical pageantry.

The Most Amazing Animal Act Extant
20 Tigers in One Act 20
Including RAJAH, the $10,000 Wrestling Tiger

The Circus Act Beautiful
40 DANCING HORSES DANCING GIRLS 40

SEE

The world's only performing Llamas.
Tom, Dick and Harry Horse Riding Seals.
Big Bill—Wrestling Grizzly.
Tot and Tiny—Smallest Educated Horses.
The World's only Educated Zebras.
Danger, Dynamite, Cactus, Gun Powder—Just Mules.
The only performing Camels in the world, including HOLY MOSES, Sacred Arabian Black Camel.
The largest herd of performing Elephants.
The High School and Tango Dancing Horses.
The group of performing South American Pumas.
A Sextette of Trained Laughing Hyenas.
The Riding, Driving, Racing Ostriches.
The Musical Carrier Pigeons.
The world's only group of performing Bengal Tigers.
The Funny Clown Pigs.

30 FULL GROWN AFRICAN LIONS 30
World's Challenge Group in One Act
Value, 50,000

THE CIVILIZED WORLD'S ONLY **OKAPI** Lone Survivor of prehistoric animals.

SAMPSON AERIAL LION rides in a ballon, surrounded by shooting skyrockets. An unsurpassed feat in wild animal education.

550 High School, Riding, Dancing and Military HORSES AND PONIES **550**
World's Premium Stock. Everyone an actor.

MASTODONIC PACHYDERM **LOTUS** Largest Hippopotamus in captivity.

40 ANIMAL CLOWNS. 600 PEOPLE. 6 CONCERT BANDS. 150 ANIMAL TRAINERS. TWO BIG SPECIAL TRAINS. 40 CARS. 3 CALLIOPES

GLITTERING TWO-MILE STREET PARADE AT 10:30.
Performance Rain or Shine, 2 and 8 p. m.
Doors open at 1 and 7

SEE THE BIG FREE-TO-EVERYBODY ACTS
on the show grounds after the parade

Come early. There is Plenty to Instruct and Amuse. You are Invited to Inspect the Cook Tent or the Barnes Premium Horses in the Stable Tents, or Any Other Department That May Hold For You Particular Interest.

It's dollars to doughnuts—

no man ever smoked a better cigarette at any price!

CAMELS quality, and their expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos hand you a cigarette that will satisfy every smoke desire you ever expressed. You will prefer this Camel blend to either kind smoked straight!

Camels mellow-mildness will certainly appeal to you. The "body" is all there, *and that smoothness!* It's a delight!

Go the limit with Camels! They will not tire your taste. And, they leave no unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste nor unpleasant cigaretty odor!

Just compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!

STATE CROP REPORT

General Conditions in State Greatly Improved Over Previous Month

General crop conditions in Arizona on October 1, 1920 were better than one month ago, according to the government crop report issued by L. M. Harrison, Agricultural Statistician, with the exception of oats, nearly all crops registered gains during the month. The total acreage in farm crops is estimated at 605,900 acres, which compares with 576-000 acres in 1919. Revisions of acreage figures, which will be made in December, will show reductions from preliminary estimates of beans, grain, sorghums and other non-irrigated crops, due to the drought.

Corn—Favorable weather during September caused an improvement of about 196,000 bushels. The present prospect is for a crop of about 1,332,000 bushels, compared with 1,287,000 bushels in 1919. For the United States, the forecast is for a crop of 3,216,-192,000 bushels, an increase of 455,708 bushels over last year's crop.

Cotton—Conditions during the month were particularly favorable for cotton, the crop showing a gain of 5 points. Based on conditions September 25, the forecast is for a crop of 115,000 bales, 80 per cent of which will be of the Pima variety of American-Egyptian. Last year's production totalled 60,000 bales, of which two-thirds was of the American Egyptian variety. The crop for the entire United States is now estimated at 12,123,000 bales, a decline of 660,000 bales during the month. The 1919 crop was 11,329,755 bales.

Oats—Owing to drought in the principal districts, an unusally large acreage was cut for hay. The total production of grain is estimated at 364,000, bushels compared with 533,000 bushels last year. The United States will produce about 1,444,362,000 bushels, a gain of 196,000,000 over last season.

Potatoes—The present outlook is for a crop of about 458,000 bushels, compared with 350,000 bushels last year. The condition of the crop in Coconino county is poor, but this is partly off set by the excellent condition of the crop in Apache and Navajo counties. For the United States the crop is forecast at 415 million bushels, which exceeds last year's crop by 57 million bushels.

Beans—In the dry land areas, the lateness of the summer rains caused a heavy reduction in this crop. Total production for this season is placed at 78,000 bushels, compared with 136,000 bushels in 1919. Six of the principal bean producing states report a total production of 9,364,000 bushels, which is about 20 per cent less than the crop of last year.

Grain, Sorghums—The condition of this crop showed a gain of 5 points during September, being reported at 80 per cent of normal. The crop was reduced by the drought. The crop is now estimated at 1,184,000 bushels, as against 2,030,000 bushels last season. The forecast for the United States is for a crop of 140,000,000 bushels an increase of 14,000,000 bushels over last year.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rial Sues Her Husband

Asking that a court order be issued to compel her husband to convey all his right and title to some land near Mesa to her, Elizabeth Rial brought suit in the Superior Court charging that her husband, S. D. Rial, induced her to have the titles to the property made out as community property when in reality, she claims, it is her separate property. She says they were married at Thatcher in November, 1911, and alleges that at the time she had $13,000, while her husband had nothing.

Mrs. Rial says she has supported her husband and his 16-year-old daughter ever since that time because he has been sick and unable to work. She alleges she paid his expenses to California in 1917 for his health, and back again. In August, 1920, she alleges he went East to visit his mother and when he returned he became independent, indifferent and sulky. A few days later, she says, his attorney spoke to her about a divorce action her husband contemplated filing and said that she must agree to a division of the property. She alleges she refused to do so and that on September 16th he made a chattel mortgage on her personal property for $5,000 which the bank paid.

On September 18th, while she was away from home, she says he packed up his belongings and left with his daughter. He did not mention the mortgage to her she declares. In the event that he refuses to execute the conveyance within ten days, she asks that the order operate as a conveyance to the land.—Arizona Republican.

Supreme Judge Non-Partisan Office

The attention of Arizona voters has been called by Judge A. G. McAlister, candidate for the Supreme Bench, to the fact that the judgeship is a non-partisan office. Like the State tax commission and the judgeship of the Superior Court, the supreme judgeship is classed under a non-partisian designation on the ballots. This means that a cross at the top of a ballot will not mean a straight democratic ticket all the way through, because it will not include any of the above named offices. It will be necessary for the voter to take special notice of the offices that come under the non-partisian designation and mark a cross beside the name of the candidate whom he favors.

Judge McAlister is the choice of the democratic party for Justice of the Supreme Court. He is a man of sterling reputation and of long experience in legal and judicial matters. As a praticing attorney, he served two years as deputy county attorney of Graham county and three years as county attorney. He was then elected Judge of the Superior Court of this county, and during the nine years he has served in that office, he has had an excellent record for decisions affirmed by the Supreme Court, appealed from his judiciary.

During his nine years as Judge of the Superior Court of this county, Judge McAlister has presided in practically every Superior Court in the State at different times, as well as on the Supreme Bench, where he took the place of an absent justice for several months and handed down a number of very important decisions.

Don't sleep cold. Get Quilts and Blankets, at F. M. Layton's. 37-2t.

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Grip

Grip usually starts just the same as a cold with a watery discharge from the nose. You are much more likely to contract the grip when you have a cold. For that reason when grip is prevalent you should go to bed as soon as you feel that you are taking cold and stay in bed until fully recovered which should not be long if you take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Three days in bed now is better than three weeks later on. 34-5t

THE ORIGINAL
Belle Flour
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Home Wheat, Home Industry
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RED CROWN GASOLINE
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Red Crown gasoline has a continuous chain of boiling points. It is an all-refinery gasoline.

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THE LEAGUE TO PREVENT WAR

Every member of the League of Nations solemnly agrees that it will never go to war without first having done one or another of two things, without either submitting the matter in dispute to arbitration, in which case it promises absolutely to abide by the verdict, or, if it does not care to submit it to arbitration, without submitting it to discussion by the council of the League of Nations, in which case it promises to lay all the documents and all the pertinent facts before that council; it consents that that counsil shall publish all documents and all the pertinent facts, so that all the world shall know them; that it shall be allowed six months in which to consider the matter; and that even at the end of the six months, if the decision of the council is not acceptable, it will still not go to war for three months following the rendering of the decision.

It is provided in the covenant of the League of Nations that any nation that disregards these solemn promises with regard to arbitration and discussion shall be thereby deemed ipso facto to have committed an act of war against the other members of the League and that there shall thereupon follow an absolute exclusion of that nation from communication of any kind with the members of the League. No goods can be shipped in or out; no telegraphic messages can be exchanged; there shall be no communication of any kind between the people of the other nations and the people of that nation. There is not a nation in Europe that can stand that for six months. Germany could have faced the armies of the world more readily than she faced the boycott of the world.

A SYNDICATE PRESIDENT

If by any miscarriage of suffrage, Senator Harding should be successful at the polls, who would be President of the United States?

The Senator and the "dominant group in the Senate" that nominated him have repudiated what they call a "one man" Presidency, provided by the Constitution. The candidate has even announced that he intends to make the Vice-President a member of his Cabinet, for which there is no provision whatever in the Constitution. The Presidency is to be run by a syndicate; everybody—that is, everybody in the Senatorial Syndicate—is to have something to say.

There is no question about who will be President if Governor Cox shall be elected. The President in name and in fact will be James M. Cox. If Senator Harding shall be elected the President in name will be Warren G. Harding, but a Board of Directors composed of Penrose, Lodge, Smoot et al. will be President in fact.

Do the American people want a syndicated President?

The Southern Pacific Company announces that its Morgan Line of steamers, which form, in conjunction with the Sunset Gulf Route, an important transcontinental service, would henceforth operate on a pre-war service schedule, with regular sailings from New York to Galveston every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and from New York to New Orleans on Wednesday and Saturday, with corresponding regular departures in the opposite direction. The Southern Pacific line comprises sixteen steamers with an agerage capacity of 140 carloads each. The re-establishment of this service, at the pre-war standard will have a highly beneficial effect on the movement of Pacific Coast grain and other non-perishable products.

Ex-service men, who were discharged in April, 1919, have until the last day of October to reinstate their War Risk (Term) Insurance, without undergoing a medical examination. After that date, they can reinstate provided they take the physical examination. Men discharged after April, 1919, still have time for reinstatement without examination, until the period of eighteen months from date of discharge has expired.

Vote "NO" on 309.

GRANDMA DIXON

By HELEN PATTERSON.

(©, 1919, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Carefully Grandma Dixon loosened the moist earth around the roots of her famous larkspur, shook the particles of dirt from the trowel and, before standing erect, touched the tender shoots lovingly with her fingers.

The larkspur meant more than tall blue flowers to her. It meant memories of the past; memories of the morning when a young soldier in a faded blue uniform had found her rejoicing over their first blossom. There had been four weary years of war and this, their first meeting, the larkspur had witnessed. Since that morning the flower had occupied a place of honor in her garden.

"Want any help, grandma?" asked a young man looking over the fence. "You know, I'm great on digging."

"Bless you, Dick. Of course I know it, when I look at this garden, but there is nothing to do this morning. Thank you. Come here and tell me about your work."

"I'll come over, but there is nothing to tell. I haven't any yet."

"Do you mean to say, Richard Hawkins, that you are not going back to your old work?" asked grandma, as the young man vaulted the low fence and stood beside her.

"That's just it, grandma. Your humble servant has to find a new job. You know, the girls are doing our work so well that many firms are keeping them, and Bolton & Mason's is one of them."

"But the girls will certainly resign when they know you are home again," said grandma. "I remember when Abner came home from the Civil war, I gave up his school I had been teaching and we were married."

"I'll bet you did," answered Richard, "but whose coming through the gate?"

"Why, bless me! if it isn't Betty," said grandma, hurrying to meet a young girl dressed in a stylish suit and a very becoming small hat. "Come on Dick, you know Betty. Why, you used to play with her when she was a tiny girl. You remember, she is the only grandchild I have."

Nothing loath, Richard followed Grandma Dixon down the garden path and was reintroduced to Betty. For a moment a pair of laughing blue eyes, the color of the larkspur, looked into his while they uttered a few commonplace remarks, and then Betty followed grandma into the house. It was not until Richard had walked the length of the garden that he remembered, with a queer feeling, that he had seen those same blue eyes in the girl that occupied his desk at Bolton & Mason's office.

In the meantime, Betty in the house had casually asked grandma "When had Richard's people moved back to the old homestead?"

"They haven't moved back," answered grandma. "Richard is spending the week with me trying to recuperate from his work of the last two years."

"Was he in all of the war?" asked Betty.

"Most of it," replied grandma, "although it's little he talks about it. Just now he's all upset over not getting his old work back."

"But grandma," protested Betty, "perhaps the girl needs the money she is earning as much as he does. I know some of the girls in our office are taking care of their mothers and younger brothers and sisters."

"It may be all right for those girls to keep our returned soldiers out of a job, but what about the girls like you, Betty Dixon, that don't really need to work?" indignantly asked grandma.

"Why—grandma—you know we girls took up their work so the boys could go and fight, and we have all bought Liberty bonds and worked for the Red Cross," stammered Betty as she thought of the young man she had casually glanced at at the cement works yesterday.

"Yes, you all did your best while the war was being fought and won, but now that it's over, show your gratitude to the boys in a more substantial way than cheers. I'm ashamed of you."

"You won't need to be ashamed of me any longer, grandma," said Betty meekly. "I'll make good. I just hadn't thought about it before; and now I'm going to look at your tulips."

But it wasn't tulips; it was Richard that Betty found sitting disconsolately on an old seat by the lilacs. No one could resist Betty when she wanted to be extra charming and soon they were talking and laughing like children.

The next day Betty returned home and the day afterwards Richard received two letters; one was from Betty, which after reading, he kissed and put in his inside pocket. The other one was from Bolton & Mason, inviting him to call at their office.

It was at the close of the summer, on one moonlight night that the tall blue flowers awoke from their sleep to hear a low voice say:

"Betty, I'm to be made sales manager next week and the salary is very good—and—oh, Betty, dear, I've always loved and wanted you. Won't you please say 'Yes?'"

But as Richard's arms closed around Betty the larkspur discreetly turned away and whispered:

"Did you hear that?"

"Yes," answered another sleepily, "and it reminds me of the story of another young girl and the soldier in blue."

Financial Loss Due To Colds

It is estimated that the average man loses three days time each year from inability to work on account of having a cold. Much of this loss can be avoided by treating every cold as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has won a wide reputation and immense sale by its cures of this disease. Try it. You are certain to be pleased with its pleasant taste and the prompt relief which it affords. 34-5t

Vote "NO" on 309.

BRIER'S HALL

SUNDAY NIGHT

NOVEMBER 7

Children, 50c. Adults, $1.00. Reserved Seats, $1.50. Plus War Tax

MINSTRELS DELIGHT AUDIENCE

JOHNSON BROTHERS
FASHION PLATES OF MINSTRELSY

RUSCO & HOCKWALD
PRESENT

15 VAUDEVILLE ACTS

Old-Time Plantation Show Carries Patrons Back to Land of Yesterday.

An old-time minstrel show holds the boards at the Mason this week, and Los Angeles has evidently been waiting for an opportunity to again revel in the pleasures of the past and enjoy the jokes, mirth and music of the old plantation show devoid of the many innovations which in recent years have robbed the modern attractions of much of their enjoyment.

An audience far larger than had been expected witnessed the opening performance of Rusco & Hockwald's Georgia Minstrel's last night and laughed themselves far away from the land of dull care back to the days of used-to-be. While the songs were new, the settings brilliant and the music mixed a little with modern jazz, the show in the main was the kind which for two generations has held a warm place in the hearts of the theater-going public.

The opening is the kind that starts with "gentlemen, be seated," and throughout the first part bones and tambo keep up the lively repartee which has made the minstrels famous. Mother-in-law jokes vie with each other for first place, and negro characteristics which bring forth comedy impossible of imitation, go to make a laugh show well worth while. The voices are all good and the harmony of the ensemble is the kind that only comes from a chorus of real negro singers.

Ed. Woods, as the interlocutor, is a hit of the first part and puts it over in true Billie West fashion. His tenor solo is perhaps the best spot in the opening scene. The olio runs true to form and introduces sketch teams, a musical pair and the old-time "after-piece." The Johnson brothers feature some remarkable dancing, while one of the pair made a decided hit by clever imitations of the late George Primrose. Elmer Sterman, in the closing number, proves a real comedian and adds a touch of genius to the end of a right good show.

This week's bill cannot fail to appeal to all old-time patrons of the theatre and is a real treat after the long series of innovations which have been introduced in recent years and which have made of the minstrel show too much of a combined vaudeville and musical revue.—Los Angeles Times, September 28, 1920.

Manzie Campbell

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

(Continued from Last Week)

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES	Safford Precinct No. 1	Hubbard Precinct No. 2	Lebanon Precinct No. 3	San Jose Precinct No. 4	Solomonville Prect. No. 5	Pima Precinct No. 6	Thomas Precinct No. 7	Bonita Precinct No. 8	Klondyke Precinct No. 9	Artesia Precinct No. 10	Lompoc Precinct No. 11	Thatcher Precinct No. 12	Eden Precinct No. 13	Stanley Precinct No. 14	Central Precinct No. 15	Geronimo Precinct No. 16	Bryce Precinct No. 17	Galurio Precinct No. 18	Columbine Prect. No 19	Redland Precinct No. 20	Total
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 1—																					
Harry Clifford	49																				49
D. L. Ridgway	48																				48
L. N. Stratton	48																				48
Precinct Committemen, Precinct No. 5—																					
Ph. Fruedenthal					12																12
Precinct Committemen, Precinct No. 6—																					
J. Mattice						3															3
D. H. Weech						3															3
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 7—																					
T. J. Rex							4														4
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 8—																					
M. L. Wood								7													7
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 9—																					
H. T. Firth									2												2
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 12—																					
A. O. Lamoreaux												15									15
O. G. Layton												18									18
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 15—																					
O. F. Webster															1						1
Wm. Coombs															1						1
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 16—																					
R. S. Knowles																1					1
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1—																					
Major Householder	1																				1
Berry Foster	1																				1
John Bilby	8																				8
Constable, Precinct No. 1—																					
J. P. Walker	1																				1
Martin M. Jacobson	3																				3
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 5—																					
J. M. Farley					14																14
Constable, Precinct No. 5—																					
J. L. Pepper					14																14
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 6—																					
J. W. Mattice						1															1
Chas. Clawson						2															2
L. Holladay						1															1
Constable, Precinct No. 7—																					
Albert Sanders							6													9	15
Justise of the Peace, Precinct No. 8—																					
M. L. Wood								1													1
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 9—																					
R. C. Habey									10												10
Constable, Precinct No. 9—																					
J. F. Greenwood									10												10
Constable, Precinct No. 12—																					
J. C. Layton												46									46
Constable, Precinct No. 13—																					
John Hawkins													1								1

After having canvassed the returns of the said Primary Election in the form and manner heretofore described, upon motion, duly put and carried, the following named persons are hereby declared nominated on the various tickets above set forth as candidates in the General Election, to be held November 2, 1920, as follows:

Demoeratic Ticket

State Senator—Jos. H. Lines.
State Representative, District No. 1—U. I. Paxton.
State Representative, District No. 2—D. A. Matthews.
Sheriff—J. D. Skaggs.
Supervisor, District No. 1—W. A. Bennett.
Supervisor, District No. 2—James A. McBride.
Recorder—Lawrence E. Holladay.
Treasurer—J. A. Woods.
County Attorney—E. L. Spriggs
Assessor—Ray Hanchett.
County School Superintendent—Mrs. Belle Pace.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 1—C. B. Yett, John F. Weber, Z. C. Prina, Jos. Bingham, L. J. Broshears.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 2—Wm. Butler.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 5—John C. Epley.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 6—S. S. Marshall, P. C. Merrill, J. H. Mangum.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 8—M. E. DuBoise.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 11—J. E. Thomas.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 12—Roy Moody, Burt Hoopes,
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 13—Perry Tryan.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 15—B. F. Whitmer.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 16—C. N. Rose.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 18—Sid Nichols.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 20—Eugene Curtis.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1—Berry Foster.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 5—Jas. P. Hayes.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 6—H. J. Shrewsberry.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 7—H. L. Colvin.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 8—A. J. Mills.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 9—Jeff D. Clayton.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 12—D. D. Phillips.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 13—Anthon Christensen.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 14—Fritz Wolf.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 15—B. F. Cluff.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct, No. 1—Martin M. Jacobson.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct, No. 5—W. F. Tidwell.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct No. 6—Chas. Rogers.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct, No. 7—Lloyd Willis.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct No. 8—Dan Oliver.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct No. 9—John Sanford.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct No. 12—N. B. Skaggs.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct No. 13—Henry Plumb.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct, No. 14—Geo. W. Sanford.
Constable of Justice Peace Precinct, No. 15—Homer M. Tate.

Republican Ticket

State Senator—Wm. Ellsworth.
State Representative, District No. 1—J. A. Farrell.
State Representative, District No. 2—C. A. Firth.
Sheriff—A. T. Pollock.
Supervisor, District No. 1—C. M. Pursley.
Supervisor, District No. 2—F. A. Webster.
Treasurer—H. C. Layton.
Recorder—T. Clarence Naylor.
County Attorney—W. R. Chambers.
Assessor—J. Myron Allred.
County School Superintendent—S. C. Heywood.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 1—Harry Clifford, D. L. Ridgway, Lee N. Stratton.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 5—Ph. Fruedenthal.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 6—J. Mattice, D. H. Weech.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 7—T. J. Rex.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 8—M. L. Wood.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 9—H. T. Firth.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 12—A. O. Lamoreaux, O. G. Layton.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct. No. 15—O. F. Webster, Wm. Coombs.
Precinct Committeemen, Precinct No. 16—R. S. Knowles.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1—John Bilby.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 5—J. M. Farley.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 6—Chas. Clawson.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 8—M. L. Wood.
Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 9—R. C. Habey.
Constable, Justice Peace Precinct, No. 1—Martin M. Jacobson.
Constable, Justice Peace Precinct, No. 5—J. L. Pepper.
Constable, Justice Peace Precinct, No. 7—Albert Sanders.
Constable, Justice Peace Precinct No. 9—J. F. Greenwood.
Constable, Justice Peace Precinct, No. 12—J. C. Layton.
Constable, Justice Peace Precinct, No. 13—John Hawkins.

The clerk of this board is hereby ordered to issue certificates of nomination to the above named nominees of the several political parties, as provided for in Paragraph 3025, of Chapter 12, Title 12, Revised Statutes of Arizona, 1913, and the clerk is further ordered to certify to the Secretary of the State of Arizona, the result of the above mentioned Primary Election as pertains to State candidates.

The work of canvassing the returns of said Primary Election being completed the board, by motion, duly put and carried, adjourned sine die.

H. J. DOWDLE,
Chairman.
MARTIN LAYTON, Clerk.

SAMUEL SMILEY'S SAYINGS

He Answers Some Queries About the Senatorial Syndicated Candidate.

Question. What does Senator Harding mean by "America first?"

Answer. He is probably speaking for the non-leaguers—America first, Russia second, Turkey third and Mexico fourth.

Q. Can I explain his stand on the League of Nations?

A. Which stand do you mean—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9?

Q. Why did he quit his proposed Western trip?

A. I don't know, unless it was for non-support.

Q. Do I understand all of his speeches?

A. Perfectly—but I don't know what they mean.

Q. What do I think of his statement to women that "we hear too much talk about independence in politics?"

A. He simply changed an old record and made it "Her Master's Voice."

Q. Why are his speeches all so dull and pointless?

A. Because he never tries to use epigrams, but confines himself to ouijagrams.

Q. Why does he get his speeches mixed up?

A. He has too many "controls."

Q. Who wrote the song that goes:

"We need another Lincoln to do
the Nation's thinkin'
And, Mr. Harding, we've
selected you."

A. A comedian.

Q. Do I think Senator Harding resembles Lincoln?

A. As a statesman, he looks to me like "September Morn."

Q. Why is he so indignant about the United States preserving order in Haiti?

A. We didn't intervene in Haiti until 1915, and he's just found out about it.

Q. What will he say about the High Court of International Justice just organized by the League of Nations, with Elihu Root as one of the organizers?

A. Sh-h-h! His heart is still in the grave there with the Hague Tribunal.

Q. Does the Chairman of the Republican National Committee spell his name Hays or Hayes?

A. For this campaign he ought to spell it Haze.

Q. How can I find out who is running on the ticket with Harding for Vice-President?

A. Consult the Bureau of Lost Persons.

FOR SALE—Nice home in Duncan and a 10-acre chicken ranch in Thatcher. Apply to D. E. Miller, Thatcher, Arizona. Box 191. 36-4t

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache, indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief in

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

Under Joint Control and Management

THE GILA VALLEY BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL - - - - - - $100,000.00
SURPLUS - - - - - - $200,000.00

Globe, Morenci, Clifton, Miami, Safford, Ray, Hayden and Winkleman, Arizona

THE VALLEY BANK

CAPITAL - - $500,000.00
SURPLUS - - $100,000.00

PHOENIX, ARIZONA
BRANCH AT AJO

Unequalled Banking Facilities For Customers

Housewives, Attention—

Our line of new linoleums are the most attractive patterns we have ever received.

Look out for your linoleum needs and for the demands of your kitchen and bathroom floors.

Come in and make your selections now. Our prices are so attractive that our present supply won't last long. We sell good matting.

Our Furniture Furnishes.

Respectfully yours,

Gila Valley Furniture & Hardware Store

SAFFORD ARIZONA

ST. JOSEPH STAKE

Institute for Church Workers To Be Held in Thatcher, Nov. 11th to 18th

There will be an institute for the church workers of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, held in the Assembly Hall, Thatcher, November 11th, 12th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th.

The following program of subjects will be presented:

Thursday, Nov. 11th, from 9:00 to 9:30 a. m.—The Purpose of the Leadership Institute, by Amy Brown Lyman.

Friday, Nov. 12th, 9:00 to 9:30 a. m.—Spirit of Youth, by Oscar Kirkland.

Monday, Nov. 15th, 9:00 to 9:30 a. m.—Efficiency in Church Work, by Clarissa Beesley.

Tuesday, Nov. 17th, 9:00 to 9:30 a. m.—Service for Its Own Sake, by Leland H. Creer.

Wednesday, Nov. 17th, 9:00 to 9:30 a. m.—Priesthood and Leadership, by Rupert E. L. Wixom.

Thursday, Nov. 18th, 9:00 to 9:30 a. m.—Obligations of Stake and Ward Leaders, by John F. Nash.

Harry L. Payne will lead the community singing during the institute.

From 9:30 to 10:30 a. m. each day, the Teachers' Training Class will have a lecture on Education. The Social and Recreation Class will have a lesson in music.

The charity and relief workers will study methods in family welfare work.

From 10:30 to 11:30 a. m. each day, the Teachers' Training Class will have a recitation period and the social and recreation students will join the charity and relief workers in the study of Sociology.

From 11:30 to 12:15 a. m.—The Teachers' Training Class will have practice teaching while the social and recreation students will join with the charity and relief workers in the following subjects:

Thursday, Nov. 11th—Play, by Clarissa Beesley.

Friday, Nov. 12th—Sanitation and Public Health, by Amy Brown Lyman.

Monday, Nov. 15th—Social Survey, by Mr. Jackson, principal of the Thatcher Public Schools.

Tuesday, Nov. 16th—Early Detection of Disease, by Dr. D. Scott Schenck.

Wednesday, Nov. 17th—Recreation and Health, by Bishop E. H. Shumway.

Thursday, Nov. 18th—Child Welfare, by Dr. Maud Callison.

From 1:15 to 2:15 p. m.—The Teacher's Training Class will have a lecture on Education.

The Social and Recreation Class will have a semi-war in Leadership.

The relief and charity workers will study Methods in Family Welfare Work.

From 2:15 to 3:15 p. m.—All classes will study Psychology.

From 3:15 to 4:15 p. m.—All will study Recreation.

From 4:15 to 5:00 p. m.—The Teachers' Training Class will recite on Education.

The class in social and recreation work will study pagentry and dramatics, while the charity and relief workers will consider readings and social work.

All workers in the various auxiliary organizations are invited to attend the courses and are assured they will be benefitted thereby.

JOHN F. NASH,
INEZ H. LEE,
NORA ANDERSON,
Executive Committee.

Sunday School Officers

There will be a special Sunday School Union meeting, next Priesthood meeting day, November 6th, at 10:30 a. m, at the Academy building.

All officers, teachers and the superintendency of each Sunday School are urged to be present.

Questions of importance will be before us.

Fordson

TRADE MARK

There are many Tractors clamoring for the patronage of the farmer. The very air is charged with the noise of claims. One would think that all the farmer had to do was to buy a Tractor and he would enter into the Millennium.

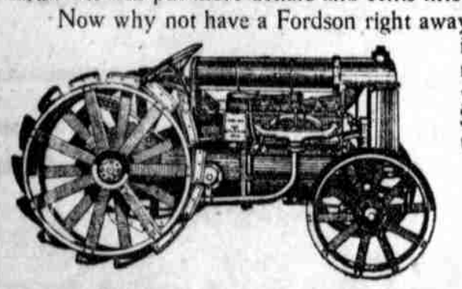
Well, consider this fact—there are a great many different makes of Tractors. Tractors have been on the American market for twenty years. In that time some 300,000 Tractors have been sold to the farmers in the United States. The Fordson Tractor has only been on the market two years, and in that time more than 100,000 Fordson Tractors have been sold to the farmers of the United States.

Two and two make four. Two and two always will make four. If the Fordson Tractor had not delivered more good work, more satisfactory work, more economical work, than any other Farm Tractor, it would not have sold in the ratio of anywhere from five and more to one. "The proof of the pudding is in the eating." The proof of the superior merits of the Fordson Tractor is in its larger sale and use.

The Fordson Tractor then asks you to buy it because of what it has done for your neighbors. It asks you to buy it on its merits. It asks you to buy it, Mr. Farmer, because you have use for it every day in the year. All the uses for the Fordson Tractor have not yet been uncovered because new places where machine power can take the place of human power, where machine power can supplant horse and mule-power, are being found every week, and wherever such discovery occurs, the Fordson Tractor will fill the bill more satisfactorily than any other form of power.

The Fordson is simple in design, and it is very strongly made of the highest quality of iron and steel.. It is the product of the greatest mechanical genius the world has ever known, and it is most economical in first cost and after expense. The Fordson Tractor on your Farm will increase the value of every foot of ground in that farm. It will put more dollars and cents into every hour you put into the farm.

Now why not have a Fordson right away? Take up the subject with us. Come in and get the details, and all the particulars. It is only a matter of time until you buy a farm Tractor—that is sure. So don't put it off when it means money to you to act Promptly.



GILA MOTOR CO.
Ford
Authorized
SALES AND SERVICE
GLOBE SAFFORD MIAMI

Al. G. Barnes' Circus Here, November 6th

Ferocious animals and charming bits of femininity are curiously intermingled in the performance of the Al G. Barnes' 4-ring wild animal circus, which exhibits in Safford, November 6th, and which will no doubt, provide a jolly holiday for the folks for 50 miles around.

With its 1,200 wild animal actors, its 550 performing horses and 600 people, this organization is said to present an exhibition unequalled in the annals of circusdom, and on a massive and gorgeous scale.

From the opening spectacle to the closing feature, sensational thrillers pass in review; lions ride wild horses like regular cowboys; tigers dance; 50 tons of elephants perform in one act; 20 lions in another; pumas and hyenas, jaguars and cougars, vie with each other in accomplishing seemingly impossible feats; there are educated camels and racing ostriches with Arab riders; also a boxing contest between a polar and grizzly bear, Captain Ricarde himself tacklihg the winner; everything is entirely new this season.

There are 40 chorus girls on horseback, who sing while the horses dance, and there is a whole flock of clowns, working overtime to supply the fun.

The Barnes' street parade is now two miles long, and many of the animal's quarters are wide open so that all may see them and their daring trainers. The parade leaves the show grounds at 10:30 in the morning, and traverses the principal business streets; on its return to the lot, the free attractions commence, while the doors of the zoo and the big show open at 1:00 and 7:00 p. m, allowing an hour for an inspection of the largest wild animal assemblage on this planet.

Tucson Citizen Semi-Centenary

The Fiftieth Anniversary Edition of The Citizen has just been received. It contains 110 pages and is published to celebrate the completion of a half century of publication of this great Arizona daily, closed on October 15, its first issue having appeared on that date in 1870.

The first two sections are devoted to the history of the State and the Territory for 50 years, interesting articles by pioneers on Apache and other conditions of the early days and a valuable collection of old views of the territory taken in the seventies and eighties by the late Henry Buehman a photographer who came to the territory in 1873.

The next four sections contain several hundred illustrations and and special articles on the business, the architecture and the social life of Sonora, Sinaloa and other west coast of Mexico States, prepared by a special staff, who made a special trip of five weeks over the west coast gathering the material and making photographs for the most authoritative review of conditions there has ever appeared.

There is the usual group of sections devoted to the mines of the State.

The Fiftieth Anniversary Edition is a valuable historical edition which every Arizonan should have.

NO USE AT ALL

Prosperity has a pecular effect on some people. In Arizona, which turned out more than half a billion pounds of copper last year, many miners are still being paid on a basis of 26 cents a pound for the red metal, which price was fixed by the government during the year, despite the fact that copper is now selling at 18 cents a pound. Any attempt on the part of the mining companies to reduce wages so as to conform with the present price would be attended with labor trouble, yet many men seldom put in a full week's work. They are too prosperous.

"Look here, Bill," said a mining boss to one of his men who had taken two days off just to lay around. "You are not doing the right thing by the company. Furthermore, you are losing money."

"Suppose I do," rejoined the miner who was too strong to strong to work six days at a stretch. "The saloons are closed, the gambling houses have been put out of business, and I never was cut out for a dude. So what's the use of making money?"—The Wall Street Journal Straws.

Just received a fine line of Boys' Winter Suits and Overcoats. F. M. Layton. 37-2t

The campaign will soon be over and then comes the State Fair, November 8th—13th.

Ray M. Hanchett for County Assessor

Ray M. Hanchett is the democratic candidate for county assessors. Mr. Hanchett has been a resident in this county for 23 years, coming here from Utah in 1897.

He has lived nearly all this time in Pima, removing to Thatcher about a year ago.

For three years he worked as a clerk for Webb-Merrill Co., of Pima, who recommend him highly as an efficient business man, honest and a hard worker.

In 1911, he worked as a groceryman for the Arizona Copper Co., at Morenci, for about a year, and when he left the company's employ, he received the following splendid recommendation from Manager C. B. Nonnamaker:

MORENCI, ARIZ.,
July 28, 1911.

To Whom It May Concern:

The bearer, Mr. Ray M. Hanchett, worked for the Arizona Copper Co., as groceryman, for about one year, during that time we found him honest, steady, sober and a hard worker.

He left our store on account of sickness in his family.

I can recommend Mr. Hanchett as A No. 1.

Yours truly,
C. B. NONNAMAKER,
Manager.

Mr. Hanchett spent two and a half years as a missionary in the Southern States.

The balance of the time of his residence in the county, he has been engaged in ranching in which he has been successful.

Mr. Hanchett is a goad democrat and a hard worker for his party. He is well qualified to fill the position he seeks, county assessor, and the people of the county are assured in the event of his election, that he will give a square deal to all.

Non-Partisian Office At Top of Ballot

Special attention should be given by democratic voters of Arizona at the coming election to the non-partisan offices as they appear on the ballot. These offices, including the State tax commission, and the superior and the supreme judgeships, are not placed with the other offices on the ballot, but are under the designation of non-partisan, and there is nothing to indicate what the party affiliation of the various candidates for these offices may be.

A great many voters in past years, desiring to vote a straight democratic ticket, have thought it sufficient to merely mark a cross at the top of the ballot to indicate that they favored all democratic candidates on the list. Such a practice will leave the tax commission and the judgeships out of the vote all together and for this reason the attention of the public is called to the necessity of marking a cross beside the names of candidates for non-partisan offices, whom the voter wishes to be elected.

The democratic candidates for the Tax Commission are Frank Luke and E. A. Hughes; and for the Supreme Court, Judge, A. G. McAlister. 37-2t

Got Her Good Health Out of a Bottle

Mrs. Edward Raifsnider, Wabash, Ind., says that she owes her good health to Chamberlain's Tablets. She suffered from from distress after eating and constipation and was completely cured by the use of these tablets. 34-5t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the County of Graham, State of Arizona.

Estate of R. C. Jackson.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administratrix of the estate of R. C. Jackson, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice, to Foster & Foster, at 108 East Oak Street, Globe, Arizona, attorneys for administratrix, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in said County of Gila, State of Arizona.

Dated the 23d day of October, 1920.

LULA M. PARKER,
Administratrix of the estate of C. R. Jackson, deceased.

First publication, Oct. 29, 1920.
Last publication, Nov. 19, 1920.

SUPERIOR COURT NOTICE

In the Superior Court of Graham County, State of Arizona.

In the matter of the estate of Lydia Van Ness, an incompetent.

Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be made.

It appearing to this Court, by the petition this day presented and filed by Lydia C. Freeman, the duly appointed, qualified and acting guardian of the person and estate of Lydia Van Ness, an incompetent, that it is necessary to sell the whole or some portion of the real estate of said ward to pay the debts of said ward and the expenses and charges of administration and for the support and maintenance of the said Lydia Van Ness, an incompetent.

It is therefore ordered by this Court, that all persons interested in the estate of said ward appear before the said Superior Court on Monday, the 15th day of November, A. D. 1920, at the hour of 10:00 o'clock a. m., of said day, at the court room of said Court, at the court house, in the Town of Safford, Graham county, State of Arizona, to show cause why an order should not be granted to said guardian to sell so much of the said real estate as shall be necessary and that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks in THE GRAHAM GUARDIAN, a newspaper printed and published in the said County of Graham.

Dated October 13, 1920.

FRANK B. LAINE, Judge.
E. L. SPRIGGS, Attorney.

First publication, Oct. 15, 1920.
Last publication, Oct. 29, 1920.

FOR HEADACHE, LIVER TROUBLE

Black-Draught Is The Best Medicine This Lady Ever Used. Says It Is Only Medicine She Gives Her Children.

Cherry Village, Ark.—In telling of her experience with Thedford's Black-Draught, Mrs. Lottie Ellis, R. F. D. No. 1, this place, said: "I used Black-Draught as a laxative, also for headache, torpid liver and indigestion. It is the best liver medicine I have ever used and is the only medicine I give my children.

"I feel like it has saved me a lot in doctors' bills, for when the children complain of feeling bad or have a cold, I just give them a good dose of Black-Draught and they soon get all right. It certainly cleans the liver and clears up the skin and they are soon out, well again. I wouldn't be without it for anything."

Seventy years of successful use has made Thedford's Black-Draught a standard, household remedy. Every member, of every family, needs, at times, the benefit that Black-Draught gives in helping to cleanse the system and to prevent or relieve the troubles that come from constipation, indigestion, and a lazy liver.

To keep well, your stomach, liver and bowels must be in good working order. To help keep them that way, take occasional doses of Thedford's Black-Draught. Thousands of homes are never without it.

For sale by all druggists.

The genuine has the name, Thedford's, on the label. Insist on getting what you ask for. E 86

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Serial No. 027030
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, September 25, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that Frank L. Dowdle, of Klondyke, Arizona, who, on March 22, 1915, made Homestead Entry, No. 027030, for E ½ NE ¼, Section 23; SE ¼ SE ¼, Section 14, and SW ¼ NW ¼, Section 24, Township 6 South, Range 19 East, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. L. Fayne, Clerk of the Superior Court, at Safford, Arizona, on the 3d day of November, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charles E. Chambers, of Klondyke, Arizona; George H. Birdno, of Safford, Arizona; Elmer Gardenshire, Dan Roten, both of Klondyke, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.

First publication, Oct. 1, 1920.
Last publication, Oct. 29, 1920.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Serial No. 026937-028609
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, September 25, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that Frederick W. Dowdle, of Klondyke, Arizona, who, on April 1, 1915, and July 5, 1918, made Homestead Entry, No. 026937-028609, for SW ¼ and NW ¼, Section 25, Township 6 South, Range 19 East, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. L. Payne, Clerk of the Superior Court, at Safford, Arizona, on the 3d day of November, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charles E. Chambers, of Klondyke, Arizona; George H. Birdno, of Safford, Arizona; Elmer Gardenshire, Dan Roten, both of Klondyke, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.

First publication, Oct. 1, 1920.
Last publication, Oct. 29, 1920.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Serial No. 031913
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, October 16, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that John H. Sparks, of Safford, Arizona, who, on February 21, 1917, made Homestead Entry, No. 031913, for N ½ NW ¼, Section 20, Township 8 South, Range 26 East, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. L. Payne, Clerk of the Superior Court, at Safford, Arizona, on the 24th day of November, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Charles W. Smithson, George Y. Johnson, Samuel Tanner, Henry Montierth, all of Safford, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.

First publication, Oct. 22, 1920.
Last publication, Nov. 19, 1920.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Serial No. 040607
U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, October 16, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that Charles G. Nettles, of Sunset, Arizona, who, on September 26, 1918, made Homestead Entry, No. 040607, for S ½, Section 23, Township 10 South, Range 21, East, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before L. V. McCourt, U. S. Commissioner, at Willcox, Arizona, on the 24th day of November, 1920.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Harlson W. Nichols, Bruce B. Bosley, William N. Turner, George St. C. Gerhart, all of Sunset, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.

First puplication, Oct. 22, 1920.
Last publication, Nov. 19, 1920.

NOTICE OF CONTEST

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE
PHOENIX, ARIZONA,
October 14, 1920.

To James T. Jeffers, of Miami, Arizona, and Eden, Arizona, Contestee:

You are hereby notified that William H. O'Barr, who gives Phoenix, Arizona, as his post office address, did on September 13, 1920, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your Homestead Entry, No. ——, Serial No. 040836, made November 21, 1918, for SE ¼, Section 13, Township 6 South, Range 23 East, Gila and Salt River Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that said entryman never established his residence on the said land; that he never improved or cultivated the said land nor any part thereof; that he has wholly abandoned said land and said entry for more than six months last past; that such default was not caused by service in the army or navy of the United States.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken as confessed, and your said entry will be cancelled without further right to be heard, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the fourth publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically responding to these allegations of contest, together with due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.
SCOTT WHITE, Receiver.

Date of first publication, Oct. 22, 1920.
Date of second publication, Oct. 29, 1920.
Date of third publication, Nov. 5, 1920.
Date of fourth publication, Nov. 12, 1920.

STRATTON & LYNCH
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
NOTARY PUB
Safford Arizona

W. C. McFarland W. R. Chambers
McFARLAND & CHAMBERS
LAWYERS
Safford, Arizona

E. L. SPRIGGS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Practices in all State and Federal Courts
Safford, Arizona

Dr. Vernon M. Blythe
DENTIST
Announces the Opening of a Dental Office Next to Gila Motor Company
Hours, 8:30 to 5:30 Phone 118

J. A. TUOHY
"THE IRISH PLUMBER"
Plumbing and Heating
A Fine Line of Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Etc., Always on Hand
All Goods and Work Fully Guaranteed
ESTIMATES FURNISHED

D. F. MILLER
VETERINARY SURGEON
CALLS ANSWERED NIGHT OR DAY
Residence: HOTEL OLIVE
Safford, Arizona

Welker Bros. Transfer
C. D. and ELMER WELKER, Props.
FREIGHT BY TRUCKS TAKEN TO ALL PARTS OF GRAHAM AND GREENLEE COUNTIES
Householed Goods Moved to Any Part of Town
PRICES REASONABLE

O'Bryan & Rawson
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS
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DAY, 94. NIGHT, 161

The Graham Guardian

JOHN F. WEBER, - - EDITOR

OCTOBER 29, 1920

PETERSON IS AGAIN ATTACKED

(Continued from Page 1)

names of Mormon and non-Mormons candidates appear as candidates.

The cry of church domination is an old one and threadbare and we defy Mr. Morton to cite a single instance where a man has been coerced in his franchise. It cannot be done.

With regard to the Industrial School: It is a new one on us, but it is true. A Mr. Moody, a Mormon, had charge of it under Governor Hunt and he made a splendid success. When Governor Campbell came in, several applications were made for the place by citizens of the southeastern part of the State, but the governor asked us, the Board of Education of the Gila Academy, to let him have J. H. Larson, who was a teacher in the Gila Academy. We finally agreed to let him go, but this was a long time after the election and not before. Governor Campbell, in one of his speeches, made the statement that the Industrial School was in the best condition now it had ever been in and that money appropriated for expenses had been returned by Mr. Larson as being more than needed. This shows the honor and integrity of a Mormon. Is that the way criminals act? For Mr. Morton would have it that we are all criminals.

We defy Mr. Morton to point out where any Mormon leaders have said anything regarding the attack on A. C. Peterson. We did not have too. People, not of our faith, who were liberty-loving, said it for us We hold out an open invitation for all people to visit our meetings and see what we are doing. Besides we have two thousand missionaries in the world begging people to investigate what we are doing.

We doubt very much his statement about putting that Religious Liberty Clause in the Constitution, because it seems he is trying to deny it to other people. If they did, we are glad and stand by it and demand that he do also.

From our church records, President Kimball did not speak in Thatcher, August 28th, but he was in Pima and spoke at the funeral of Mrs. Shrewsberry, where he commented on her being the mother of two children and having being an invalid. He said nothing about her being a slave in the next world for it is not a part of the Mormon belief and never has been. Mr. Morton's informant from the Gila valley is very unreliable to say the least.

With regard to polygamy; That is a dead issue. Not even the Federal government takes any notice of the ranting of the so-called religious bigots. The old polygamists were told by the government to go their way and sin no more, but care for the families that had come to them, which they have done. Members in the church have been handled for the violation of this law by the church and our records show it. We can give the specific cases if anyone desires to inquire. We can say this with pride, that we have fewer violations of the marriage law than any other denomination, the Baptists, notwithstanding.

With regard to religious instruction. We have what are called religious classes that take Mormon children after their dismissial from school and teaches them twenty minutes along religious lines. Never has there been council to take any part of the regular school time for this work. This is one of the advanced educational ideas and is praticed in Berkeley, Oakland and other cities by all religious denominations. Mr. Morton is behind the times. If on this, why not on all? Why don't you know that in four out of the eleven school districts, the Mormon people are furnishing their churches for school rooms.

With regard to the Gila Academy: Mr. Morton is again misinformed. It is not a State High School and has never attempted to become one, but there is one thing of which we are proud—it is one of the seven accredited High Schools in the State of Arizona; this because of its teaching standard. Does that look like degradation, when all of the foremost educational institutions accept its credits without question. Incidentally, this has been the work of A. C. Peterson.

This school was built while Graham county was too poor to sustain a High School, and the Church has been supporting it to the tune of about sixty dollars per student per annum for the last twenty-two years. During this time many non-Mormon boys and girls have graduated from the institution.

When the Safford High School was built, it was voted for and supported by the Mormon residents—also when the bonds for the new building had been voted upon and were for sale. If it is a crime to have good educational institutions, we plead guilty. We have already been granted the privilege by the Church to establish a Normal College and next year will incorporate in the school work the first two years of college studies. Is it a crime for us to desire to advance and develop? Why shouldn't we have a Normal College if we pay for it? Is it a crime to desire to show such work as will accredit us with the leading institutions of the nation? Is it a crime for President Kimball to urge our young people to take up the work of teaching, seeing that we are so short of teachers at the present time?

There has never been any effort to get to be a State Institution, for to become such would be to cast out what the school was founded for—the teaching of theology. Again, Mr. Morton shows misinformation, because to become a State Institution would involve action of the legislature and the Mormons are a minority in that body.

What does Mr. Morton mean when he hopes that the time will be past for boycott? Isn't he trying to carry out a boycott just now? Is he living up to Christian ideals? It seems to us that it is, to say the least, malicious and damnable.

Now, let us look and see what the Mormons have done and ask Mr. Morton if the Baptists can measure up to that stature:

Through the efforts of W. W. Pace and President Kimball, the prohibition movement was started and the Mormon people in the Gila valley, with the aid of our good non-Mormon neighbors, were the first to vote out liquor in the State of Arizona. Was that criminal?

What about our loyalty and patriotism? Why, the Mormon Battalion paved the way for the future inhabitants of this western country. Then again, we furnished more than our quota of boys for the World war, as more of them passed the test—about 90 per cent against 60 per cent of others.

We were ready when called upon to furnish 250,000 bushels of wheat for our boys. This had been stored up for emergency cases and was ready at a moment's notice.

We are the only church we have any record of that has bought Liberty Bonds. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints has bought and paid for three-quarters of a million dollars in bonds, while each individual member did his share in purchasing bonds. Our women did as much as any like member in knitting, making clothes, etc., to help our boys at the front. No one loves and will defend "Old Glory" quicker than a Mormon.

If these are crimes, we are guilty. We live at peace with all our non-Mormon friends and neighbors and we know no distinction when it comes to business affairs. When A. C. Peterson is elected to the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, which he will be, he will be a superintendent to all the State, showing no more favors to Mormons than to non-Mormons, and will stand for right and justice to all.

In summing up, we notice that H. Q. Morton is not in the least acquainted with the Mormons, nor with their beliefs and actions, neither is he acquainted with State Institutions and the methods of caring for them. Nor is he well versed in the laws of our country and State, nor what constitutes a Christian in the least sense of the word.

We are grateful to those who have taken up the attack upon A. C. Peterson and honor them for their breadth of mind and magnanimity. Yet we still find that, to a small degree, the spirit that crucified the Savior, persecuted the old Prophets, martyred the Apostles, stoned Stephen, cast the former Christians into lions' dens and into caldrons of boiling oil, is still in existence and makes itself manifest in denying equal privileges to all, but they are few, indeed.

In closing, we suggest to Mr. Morton that he study some before making an attack upon an unoffending people.

Very truly,
CHARLES M. LAYTON,
JOHN F. NASH,
Of the Stake Presidency.

Frocks and Frills, Brier's Hall, Nov. 2d

"Frocks and Frills," numbering twenty-five people, will be the attraction that will open the season here, at Brier's Hall, next Tuesday, November 2d.

The company is a New York attraction and is en route for El Paso, Texas, for a week's engagement. Manager Brier has induced the company to stop over here for one performance, and the amusement loving public will enjoy a rare treat. Beautiful wardrobes and scenery, and a big chorus of beautiful female loveliness.

Miss Leah White, late of the Wilbur Opera Company, is the prima donna.

Reservation of seats Monday.

Improve Your Digestion

If you have weak digestion eat sparingly of meats, let at least five hours elapse between meals, eat nothing between meals. Drink an abundance of water. Take one of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper. Do this and you will improve your digestion. 34-5t

SHOES Dorothy Dodd — SHOES JOHN C. ROBERTS — SHOES Red Goose

AT 25 PER CENT REDUCTION

Beginning, Thursday, October 28th Until Monday, November 15th

In the Peoples' Store

SAFFORD

As it is already known to all our respectful patrons that the SALE we lately held, with which we were the first ones to force the HIGH PRICES down on all Staple Merchandise in the Dry Goods line, which has proved most beneficial to your purses, and we are aware of the fact that you have saved a great deal of money. So we also have decided to force the HIGH PRICES of SHOES down. Therefore, we are offering to you our Clean, Up-to-Date, First-Class in Quality, High-Grade All Leather Shoes, which contains new stock amounting to $25,000 at a reduction of strictly **25 Per Cent of Our Regular Low-Marked Prices.**

Also our stock reduction sale on our entire staple stock, including our newly arrived Ladies' and Misses' Suits and Coats, which we have held for the past two weeks, will continue during the 25 PER CENT Shoe Reduction Sale to accommodate our patrons.

COME AND LET US SAVE YOU MONEY

THE PEOPLES' STORE, SAFFORD

SAFFORD THEATRE

Marshall & Merrill, Props.

PROGRAM

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 31
EDYTH STERLING, in
"The Girl Who Dared"
Also Mutt and Jeff and PRIZMA

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1
"Rio Grande"
A Play of Frontier Life, Full of Action, With an All-Star Cast
JOE RYAN, in
"Hidden Dangers"
No. 11

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2
A Paramount Feature
"Jiggs in Society"
This is your first chance to see "Bringing Up Father" on the screen. Don't miss it.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 3
A Paramount Picture
With a Good Comedy and Ford Weekly

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4
SESSUE HAYAKAWA, in His Latest Production,
"The Devil's Claim"
Also Triangle Comedy"

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 5
CONSTANCE TALMADGE, in
"Experimental Marriage"
Also JIMMY AUBREY, in
"Spring Time"

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 6
WILLIAM FARNUM, in
"The Orphan"
Also Sunshine Comedy

Statement of Miss Toles

TO THE VOTERS OF ARIZONA

A printed circular has recently been sent out, over the name of an Arizona clergyman, attacking the candidacy of Mr. A. C. Peterson, my opponent for State Superintendent of Public Instruction, on the ground that he is a member of the Mormon Church. I want expressly to disavow any connection with that address. I am, of course, very anxious to be elected to this office, because I feel sure I can be of service to the school children in the great work which lies to hand in strengthening the school system of Arizona and divorcing it entirely from politics.

All good American citizens, however, deplore the intrusion of religious matters into public schools, equally do we all disapprove the injection of a religious issue into a campaign for office, and especially a campaign for school office.

My candidacy for head of the schools depends solely upon whether the people of the State think I am qualified to give better service than my opponent, under all the conditions, and I am content to rest my case there. (Signed)

ELSIE TOLES.

Announcement

Owing to conditions that have arisen in the merchandise word, I find it necessary to restock with the staple articles of every-day-wear, and ask the same good patronage of the public that has been given me in the past.

See my line of Ladies' and Children's Coats, just received, before you buy.

F. M. Layton

Then you won't be wearing the same thing that everybody else is. You will also be sure of a FIT.

When you buy ready-made clothes, you must fit them; when you buy tailored clothes, they fit YOU.

What a difference.

Come in before the very pattern you may want is "sold out."

Our GOODS are GOOD, our PRICES LOW.

THE FAMOUS STORE

Successor to ELI KRUPP — Safford, Arizona

YOU WILL FIND HARDWARE SATISFACTION HERE

A Complete Line of Wood and Coal Heaters

The Famous Majestic Ranges

Winchester Guns and Ammunition

Hunting License Issued Here.

IF NOT RIGHT — WE MAKE IT RIGHT

Pace HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 25 — SAFFORD, ARIZONA

No Reduction in Price

Oakland, California, Oct. 2, 1920.

SOLOMON COMMERCIAL CO.,
Solomonville, Arizona,

This Company has no intention of changing the list prices established for the season of nineteen twenty-one, but in the event of any unexpected reduction in labor and material, affecting the cost and justifying a lowering of the list prices on Chevrolet cars prior to May first, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, we will refund to every purchaser during that period the amount of such reductions.

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO.

Moline, Illinois, Oct. 4, 1920.

SOLOMON COMMERCIAL CO.,
Solomonville, Arizona.

We guarantee to you and the public our present list prices on present models against further decline up to July first, nineteen twenty-one. This means that, should we, between this date and July first next, make further decrease in the list price of present models, that you are hereby authorized to rebate the amount of any such decrease to purchasers who haye paid you list prices now in force. We do not guaranee tagainst increase.

VEILE MOTOR CORPORATION.

SOLOMON COMMERCIAL COMPANY

SAFFORD, ARIZONA

Delicious Ice Cream and Ice Cold Drinks at

THE PALMS